Introduction to Computers and Programming

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Input/Output

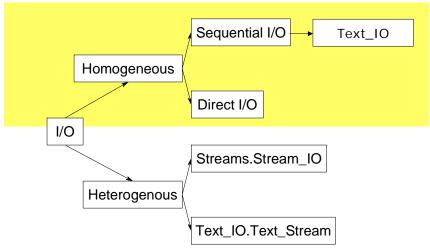
- Related I/O packages
- Text files
 - Formatting input
 - Formatting output files

Ada. Strings. Fixed (A.4.3)

```
• procedure Move (Source : in String;
    Target : out String;
             : in Truncation := Error;
    Justify : in Alignment := Left;
             : in Character := Space);
    Pad
• function Insert (Source : in String;
    Before
              : in Positive;
    New Item : in String) return String;
• function Delete (Source : in String;
             : in Positive;
    From
```

Through: in Natural) return String;

Input/Output Operations (A.6)



Files (A.7)

• External files: Values input from the external environment of the program, or output to the external environment

File

- Name (string)
- Form (string that gives system defined characteristics such as access rights)

Language Defined Types (A.7)

 File_Type: associates an object through which the program can access the external file

```
My_File : Ada.Text_IO.File_Type;
```

 For Sequential_IO, Text_IO, Wide_Text_IO and Stream_IO

For Direct_IO

Sequential vs. Direct (A.8)

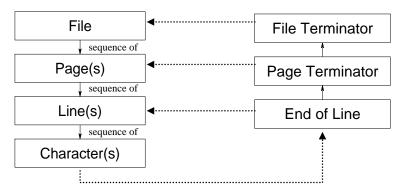
Sequential Files

- Sequential_IO
- Files viewed as a sequence of values
- Transfer occurs in order of appearance

Direct Files

- Direct_IO
- File viewed as a set of elements occupying consecutive positions in linear order
- index: location of current element(>=1)
- current size: number of elements in file

Logical View of Text Files (A.10)



- Terminators are generated
 - Explicitly by procedures/ functions
 - Implicitly as part of other operations

Ada.Text_IO (A.10.1)

Text Input/Output

- Ada and I/O
 - Embedded real-time systems



Business oriented applications



- Package instantiation
 - Ada.Text_IO.Integer_IO; (generic package)
 - Ada.Integer_Text_IO; (preinstantiated for the type Integer)
 - Ada.Text_IO.Float_IO;
 - Ada.Float_Text_IO;
- Brute force example: Formatted output data

ormats.ac

Output to a File 1(2)

- Need 2 file names to read and write to a file
 - Internal name (used in our program)
 - External name (used by OS)
- Create -- associate names with each other
- Writing to a file
 - Put(Internal_Name, "Some text.");
 - New Line(Internal Name, 2);

Output to a File 2(2)

· Redirecting output

```
- Set_Output(Internal_Name);
Put_Line("Some other text.");
New_Line(2);
Put_Line(Standard_Output, "On screen");
Set_Output(Standard_Output);
```

- Closing a file
 - Close(Internal_Name);

Files, cont.

- Example: How to open multiple files at once
- · Input read from a file
 - Open(My_File, In_File, "CHARACTS.TXT");
 - File pointer set to beginning of file
 - End_Of_File(My_File);
 - Returns TRUE when next char to be read is EOF character
 - Reset(My_File);
 - File pointer moved to beginning of file again
 - End_Of_Line(My_File)
 - Returns TRUE when next char in buffer is EOL character

Examples

- String Input and Output
- · Read Integers from file
- Read Floating point numbers from file
 - What has to be changed?
- · Input from keyboard
 - Internal filename: Standard_Input
 - No End_Of_File when reading from keyboard

