Name:

1.124 Quiz 1

Time: 1 hour 15 minutes Answer all questions. All questions carry equal marks.

```
#include <iostream.h>
```

```
class Ball {
private:
    const float pi;
    int radius;

public:
    Ball(int r=1) {
        radius = r;
    }
    void set_radius(int radius);
    const Ball& operator=(const Ball& b);
    static int count;
    virtual void print() {
        cout << radius << endl;
    }
};
</pre>
```

```
int Ball::count = 0;
```

class BuckyBall: public Ball { private: int color;

Thursday October 5, 2000

Question 1. Show how you would initialize the member *pi* in class *Ball*.

Answer:

Question 2. Write the copy constructor for class *Ball*.

Answer:

Question 3. Show how you would overload the += operator, so that the following code increments the radius of *b* by 2.

Ball b; b += 2;

Question 4. Complete the definition of the member function *set_radius()*.

void Ball::set_radius(int radius) {

Answer:

}

}

Question 5. What should the = operator return so that the code

Ball a, b(2), c(3);a = b = c;

behaves as expected? Explain your answer.

const Ball& Ball::operator=(const Ball& b) {
 radius = b.radius;

Answer:

Question 6. Draw a clear diagram to illustrate the memory allocated by the following code. Label all variables on your diagram.

Ball b; Ball *p; Ball **pp; pp = new Ball*[2]; pp[0] = new Ball[2]; pp[1] = &b; Ball& c = pp[0][1];

Answer:		

Question 7. How you would release the memory allocated in Question 6?

Answer:

Question 8. What will be the output from the following program?

```
int count = 5;
void draw(Ball *p, int n) {
    static int count = n;
    cout << count << endl;
}
void main() {
    const int count = 2;
    Ball b[count];
    draw(b,7);
    draw(b,8);
    cout << b[1].count << count << Ball::count << endl;
}
```

Question 9. Show how you would modify the *BuckyBall* constructor so that it correctly initializes the *Ball* part of a *BuckyBall* object.

Answer:

Question 10. What statements would you use to print out

- (i) The color of object *a*?
- (ii) The color of object b?
- (iii) The radius of object *b*?
- (iv) The radius of object c?

BuckyBall a(1,2); Ball& b = a; BuckyBall& c = a;

Question 11. What is a *protected member*? Give examples of how such a member can and cannot be used.

Answer:	

Question 12. Give the definitions of the destructors for the *Ball* and *BuckyBall* classes.