Homework 3

Due on 10/26/2012 (in recitation)

- 1. [Recall Problem 4 in Homework 2.] Compute the subgame-perfect Nash equilibria in the following game. A unit mass of kids are uniformly located on a street, denoted by the [0, 1] interval. There are two ice cream parlors, namely 1 and 2. First, each ice cream parlor *i* selects location $x_i \in [0, 1]$, simultaneously. Then, observing (x_1, x_2) , each ice cream parlor *i* sets a price $p_i \ge 0$ for its own ice cream, simultaneously. A kid located in *w* is to pay cost $c (w - y)^2$ to go to a store located at *y*, where c > 0. Given the locations x_1 and x_2 and prices p_1 and p_2 , each kid buys one unit of ice cream from the store with the lowest total cost, which is the sum of the price and the cost to go to the store. (If the total cost is the same, she flips a coin to choose the store to buy.)
- 2. Exercise 1 in Lecture Notes Section 11.5.
- 3. Exercise 10 in Lecture Notes Section 11.5.
- 4. Exercise 11 in Lecture Notes Section 11.5. Assume that n = 3, $p_1 = p_2 = p_3$, and δ is sufficiently large.

Hint: Consider a strategy profile where the play depends on the "state." There are m states $k = 1, \ldots, m$. The game starts at some state k_0 . For each state k, there is a division $x_k = (x_{k,1}, \ldots, x_{k,3})$. At state k, the proposer is to offer x_k and x_k is to be accepted by all players. If an offer y by proposer i is rejected by j, in the next round we proceed to a state K(k, i, y, j). You should find m, divisions x_1, \ldots, x_m and a function K, and determine which offers are rejected by which players at a given state. Verify that any offer $y \neq x_k$ is indeed rejected by some player at state k, and verify that the strategy profile you found is indeed a SPE using single deviation principle.

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