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EC.721 Wheelchair Design in Developing Countries Spring 2009

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THE DESIGN PROCESS



Ralf Hotchkiss Whirlwind



Courtesy of Whirlwind Wheelchair International. Used with permission.

February 16, 2007



- Creativity and Analytical skills
 - Great engineers know when to use both
 - Know when to use enough
 - Both can be improved with practice
- Have a passion for what you do



- Break down a complex system into manageable chunks
- Applicable to any system, in any area of engineering (or any other project)



Courtesy of MarkyBon. http://www.flickr.com/photos/markybon/372533194/





Courtesy of salihan. http://www.flickr.com/photos/salihan/635234235/



Courtesy of NASA



- Make engineering choices for a reason
 - "Determine" what best engineering decision
 - Example Factors: cost, size, time, color, etc.
- Manage your projects effectively
 - Time, money, performance
- Always have a backup plan
 - First rule of engineering it rarely works perfectly the first time



Use your energy effectively to achieve worthwhile performance



- Don't reinvent the wheel if you are only go 1% faster
- Cost is not just money, it is also time spent



Start vague and gradually become specific

- 1. Strategy: A PLAN of how to do something (with no specific embodiment)
- 2. Concept: Idea for DEVICE to fulfill need (rough physical picture)
- 3. Module: Important aspect of design (exlinkage, motor, color scheme)
- 4. Component: Specific part design



THE DETERMINISTIC DESIGN PROCESS

Deterministic Design: Funnels: Strategies Concepts Modules Components

- Deterministic Design leaves LOTS of room for the wild free creative spirit, and LOTS of room for experimentation and play
- Deterministic Design is a catalyst to funnel creativity into a *successful* design



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Strategy: Plan or tactics to score but there may be many different types of machines that could be used

Concept: An idea for a specific machine that can execute a strategy

Module: A sub assembly of a machine that by itself executes a certain function

Component: An individual part

• It is OK to iterate...

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- A goal is to never have to backtrack
 - A good engineer, however, knows when its time to let go...

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BE DETERMINISTIC AT EVERY STAGE OF THE PROCESS

FRDPARRC: Your new best friend

- **FR = Functional Requirements** (WHAT the design has to do)
- **DP = Design Parameters** (**HOW** the design is going to meet the FR)
- **A = Analysis** (justify your decisions; can be qualitative or quantitative)
- **R** = **Research** (don't reinvent the wheel)
- **R** = **Risk** (what is going to bit you in the ass if it doesn't work?)
- **C = Countermeasure** (If S*#T hits fan, how can you maintain progress?)

Identify your Design Freedoms: What elements of the local environment or available resources can you capitalize on?

Identify your Design Constraints: What material/

processes/resources/knowledge/etc can you absolutely not use?

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IT'S TIME TO DESIGN!

Example: FR – Allow a person who is disabled to have mobility



Whirlwind (USA) designed, locally made





Locally designed, locally made Motivation (UK) designed, locally made



Wheelchair Foundation (USA) designed, made in China

Image removed due to copyright restrictions. Photo of Wheelchair Foundation chair.



CAPITALIZING ON DESIGN FREEDOMS Treadle pump







Photo courtesy of Alfinio Flores. Used with permission.

February 16, 2007



CAPITALIZING ON DESIGN FREEDOMS Bicycle component usage





[See the proposed projects list]



- Read "Nothing about us without us"
 - Focus on designing for specific problems and utilizing local materials
- Read "2.007 Design Process notes"
- Watch remainder of workshop movies
- Coordinate with lab instructor and choose lab time
 - I will email each team who their lab instructor is and make email lists
- Email mentors and community partners
- Start working on defining functional requirements for your project

Ask your community partners and mentors for input