18.034 Honors Differential Equations Spring 2009

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## 18.034 Problem Set #4

Due by Friday, March 13, 2009, by NOON.

**1.** (a) Show that if  $u_1$  is a solution of the third-order variable-coefficient linear differential equation

$$u''' + p_1(x)u'' + p_2(x)u' + p_3(x)u = 0,$$

then the substitution  $u(x) = u_1(x)v(x)$  leads to the second-order differential equation for v':

$$u_1v''' + (3u'_1 + p_1u_1)v'' + (3u''_1 + 2p_1u'_1 + p_2u_1)v' = 0.$$

(b) Verify that  $u_1(x) = e^x$  is a solution of the differential equation (2-x)u''' + (2x-3)u'' - xu' + u = 0. Use the method in part (a) to find the general solution of the differential equation.

2. Find a particular solution of the differential equation

$$x^{2}u'' + (1 - \alpha - \beta)xu' + \alpha\beta u = x^{2}f(x)$$

(a) when  $\alpha \neq \beta$  and (b) when  $\alpha = \beta$ .

**3.** Birkhoff-Rota, pp. 62, #2.

**4.** (a) Find annihilators of  $x^m e^{\alpha x}$ ,  $x^m \sin \beta x$ , and  $e^{\alpha x} \cos \beta x$ .

(b) Find the general solution of  $(D^2 + 1)(D - 3)^2 u = 12e^{3x}(10x + 1)$ .

**5.** Consider the *n*th order linear homogeneous differential equation

$$u^{(n)} + a_1 u^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_{n-1} u' + a_n u = 0$$

with real constant coefficients.

(a) Show that if the differential equation is asymptotically stable then  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n > 0$ .

(b) Show that the converse to part (a) is true if all roots of its associated characteristic polynomial are real. (Hint. Assume it is false, and seek for a contradiction.)

(c) Show by a counter example that the converse to part (a) is in general false.

**6.** (a) Show that the function  $y^2$  is not Lipschitzian on  $-\infty < y < \infty$ . Discuss how this failure of the Lipschitz condition is reflected in the behavior of the initial value problem

$$y' = y^2, \qquad y(0) = y_0 > 0.$$

(b) Show that the function  $y^{2/3}$  is not Lipschitzian in any strip |y| < h containing the origin. Discuss how this failure of the Lipschitz condition is reflected in the behavior of the initial value problem

$$y' = y^{2/3}, \qquad y(0) = 0.$$