15.561 Information Technology Essentials

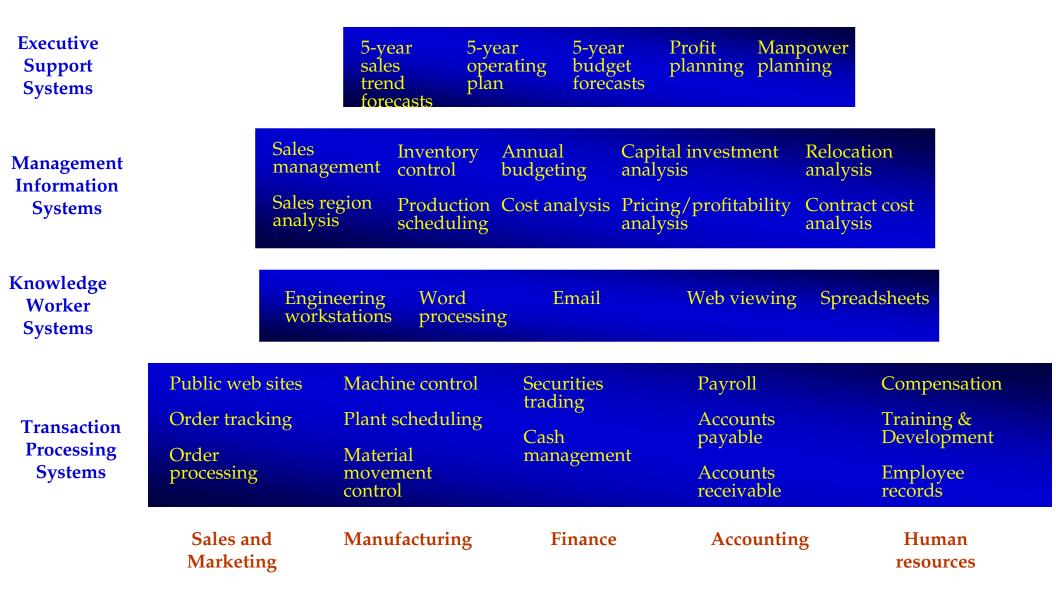
Session 13 Enterprise Systems

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Outline

- Overview of major IT applications
- Examples of enterprise systems
 - Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)
 - Customer Relationship Management (CRM)
 - Supply Chain Management (SCM)
- Trends and business issues in IT applications

Major IT applications in business



Adapted from Laudon & Laudon, Management Information Systems: Organization and Technology, Prentice Hall, 1998, p. 39

Enterprise Systems

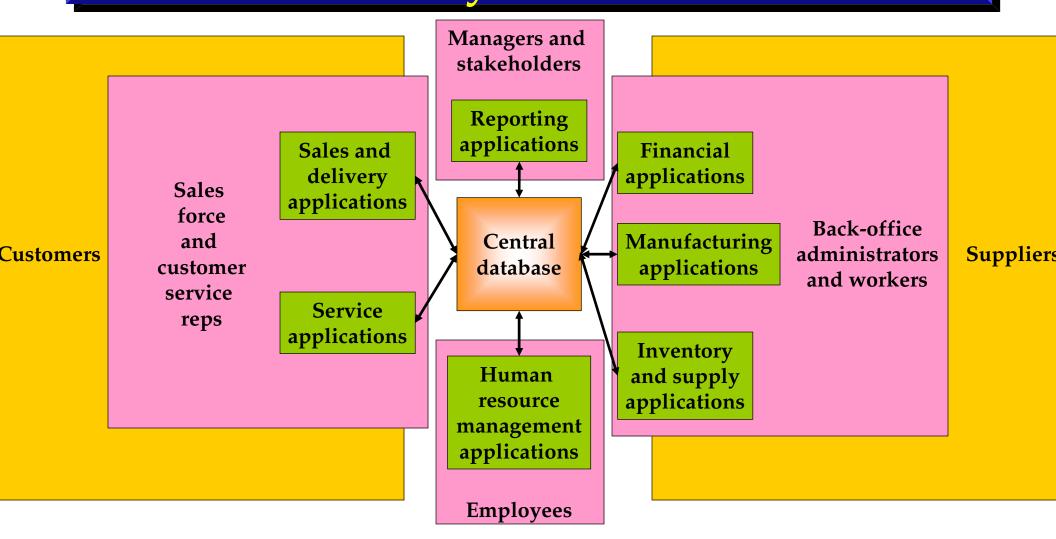
- IT applications that
 - serve key corporate functions, and
 - involve centralized information shared by many users

• Include

- one or more databases
- programs to add, delete, change, analyze, or otherwise act upon data elements in those databases

Adapted from "Siebel Systems, Inc.", Stanford University Graduate School of Business Case No. EC-18, November 1999

Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems



Source: T. Davenport, Putting the Enterprise into the Enterprise System, Harvard Business Review, July-August 1998, pp. 121-131

Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems

• Integrate many software applications and business functions using a common database

• Potential benefits

- Cycle time reduction
- Faster information transactions
- Better financial management
- Laying the groundwork for electronic commerce
- Encourages organizations to manage processes more explicitly

Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) Systems (cont.)

• Potential risks

- Difficult to implement
 - » Often easier to adapt business processes to the software than vice versa
- Inflexible
 - » "... like wet cement"
- Overly hierarchical?

Customer Relationship Management (CRM) Systems

- Sales Force Automation (pre-sales)
 - managing leads and contacts
 - generating proposals
 - configuring products, telemarketing
- Customer Service and Support (post-sales)
 - help desks
 - call centers
 - field service operations
- Marketing automation

Customer Relationship Management (Web-based selling)

• On-line sales

- product catalogs
- shopping carts
- credit cards
- shopping lists
- product configurator for complex products

• On-line service

– help

on-line marketing analysis

– track on-line activities

Supply Chain Management (SCM) Systems

- Managing interrelated activities "from your suppliers' suppliers to your customers' customers."
- May involve:
 - changing information flows and decision-making within a firm
 - changing information flows and decision-making between firms
 - using new software tools to enable these changes
 - » ERP systems
 - » Cross-organizational planning, scheduling, and optimization tools

Supply Chain Management (SCM) Systems (cont.)

- Increase responsiveness to supply and demand fluctuations without sacrificing margins
 - linking with suppliers, customers, and transportation providers
- Reduce inventory
- Improve reliability of delivery commitments
 - ATP (Available To Promise)
- Manage changes in product mix
 - including new product introductions

Other examples of enterprise systems

- EAI Enterprise Application Integration
- Enterprise portals
- ERM Employee Relationship Management
- Product Lifecycle Management (PLM)
- ...

Trends in IT applications

- Web-based
- Mobile / wireless
- Integrated
 - Across functions within a company
 - Across companies
- Component-based

Business issues with IT applications

• Whether to buy?

- Analyzing costs and benefits
- Business benefits vs. technical benefits
- Buying early vs. buying late
- What to buy?
 - Matching capabilities and needs
 - Compatibility and standards

• How to implement?

- Top management support
- User involvement
- Phased approach