THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL No. 2858 Session of 1998

INTRODUCED BY REINARD, PETRONE, J. TAYLOR, MARSICO, PIPPY, LEH AND STURLA, OCTOBER 6, 1998

AS AMENDED ON THIRD CONSIDERATION, IN SENATE, NOVEMBER 24, 1998

AN ACT

1 2 3 4 5	Neighbor duties o district	g RELATING TO CITIES OF THE FIRST CLASS, ESTABLISHING hood Improvement Districts; conferring powers and n municipal corporations and neighborhood improvement s; AND providing for annual audits; and making AND FOR TOURISM AND MARKETING.	< <
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8 The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

9 hereby enacts as follows:

10 Section 1. Short title.

11This act shall be known and may be cited as the Neighborhood<--</th>12COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC Improvement District Act.<--</td>

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13 Section 2. Legislative findings.

14 The General Assembly finds that:

15 (1) Existing tax rates in many municipalities are at or16 near their statutory cap.

17 (2) The General Fund revenue derived from these taxes 18 many times is not sufficient to provide adequate municipal 19 services or additional services needed in specific geographic 20 areas within the municipality, including, but not limited to, 21 downtown commercial districts.

22 (3) As a result, municipalities should be encouraged to 23 create, where feasible and desired, assessment-based 24 neighborhood improvement districts which would include, but 25 not be limited to, downtown commercial districts. Designated 26 district management associations would initiate and 27 administer programs to promote and enhance more attractive 28 and safer commercial, industrial, residential and mixed-use 29 neighborhoods; economic growth; increased employment opportunities; and improved commercial, industrial, business 30 19980H2858B4194 - 2 -

1 districts and business climates.

(4) Municipalities should be given the broadest possible
discretion in establishing by local ordinance the type of
assessment-based programs most consistent with neighborhood
needs, goals and objectives, as determined and expressed by
property owners in the designated district.

7 Section 3. Definitions.

8 The following words and phrases when used in this act shall 9 have the meanings given to them in this section unless the 10 context clearly indicates otherwise:

11 "Authority." A body politic and corporate, created pursuant 12 to the act of May 2, 1945 (P.L.382, No.164), known as the 13 Municipality Authorities Act of 1945.

14 "Benefited property." Those properties located within a 15 neighborhood improvement district which profit from district 16 improvements based on a rational nexus test. Properties need not 17 profit equally to be considered to have benefited.

18 "Bonds." The term shall include the notes, bonds and other 19 evidence of indebtedness or obligations which each municipal 20 corporation is authorized to issue under section 4(5).

21 "Business improvement." In the case of neighborhood 22 improvement district management associations created for the purpose of making improvements or providing administrative 23 24 services within a neighborhood improvement district, the term 25 shall mean those improvements needed in specific areas or to 26 individual properties, including, but not limited to, sidewalks, 27 retaining walls, street paving, parks, recreational equipment 28 and facilities, open space, street lighting, parking lots, 29 parking garages, trees and shrubbery, pedestrian walks, sewers, 30 water lines, rest areas and the acquisition and rehabilitation 19980H2858B4194 - 3 -

1 or demolition of blighted buildings or structures.

"Business improvement district." A business improvement 2 3 district (BID) created prior to the effective date of this act 4 governed by the act of May 2, 1945 (P.L.382, No.164), known as 5 the Municipality Authorities Act of 1945, insofar as it relates to business improvement districts or 53 Pa.C.S. Ch. 54 (relating 6 to business improvement districts). On or after the effective 7 date of this act, the term shall mean a limited, geographical 8 9 area comprised of real property which is used for any for-profit 10 activity involving trade and traffic, or commerce in general. 11 "Commercial." Relating to or associated with any for-profit activity involving trade and traffic, or commerce in general. 12 13 "Construction expenditures." Property and right-of-way 14 acquisition costs where applicable.

15 "Costs of improvements." The term includes architectural 16 fees, engineering fees, attorney fees, consulting fees, 17 professional fees, preliminary planning expenditures, 18 feasibility study expenditures, financing costs and any other 19 expenditures necessary and incidental to the development, 20 construction or completion of the improvement.

21 "District Advisory Council." A committee comprised of 22 property owners from a neighborhood improvement district 23 established under section 7(a), for the purpose of providing 24 guidance and direction to the neighborhood improvement district 25 management association concerning association activities within 26 the district.

27 "Industrial district." A limited, geographical area
28 comprised of real property which is used predominantly for
29 manufacturing, commercial or any other activity related to the
30 distribution of goods and services and intermediate and final
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products, including, but not limited to, warehousing, shipping,
 transportation, remanufacturing, stockpiling of raw materials,
 repair and maintenance of machinery and equipment, storage,
 administration or business activities, and research and
 development.

6 "Institution." The term includes, but is not limited to,
7 colleges, universities, schools, hospitals, museums, theaters,
8 churches, synagogues, art centers or similar facilities.

9 "Institutional district." A limited, geographical area 10 comprised predominantly of real property on which educational, 11 health-related or cultural activities occur within buildings and 12 structures, including, but not limited to, colleges, 13 universities, schools, hospitals, museums, theaters, churches,

14 synagogues and art centers.

15 "Mixed-use district." A limited, geographical area comprised 16 of real property used for any or all purposes contained within a 17 business, residential, industrial or institutional district.

18 "Municipal corporation." The body or board authorized by law 19 to enact ordinances or adopt resolutions for the particular 20 municipality A CITY OF THE FIRST CLASS.

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21 "Municipality." Any city, borough, incorporated town,
22 township, home rule, optional plan or optional charter
23 municipality, OF THE FIRST CLASS located within this
24 Commonwealth.

25 "Neighborhood." A limited geographic area within a 26 municipality establishing a neighborhood improvement district, 27 the limits of which form the neighborhood improvement district 28 boundary.

29 "Neighborhood improvement." Improvements needed in specific
30 geographic areas or to individual properties within those areas,
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including, but not limited to, sidewalks, retaining walls,
 street paving, parks, recreational equipment and facilities,
 open space, street lighting, parking lots, trees and shrubbery,
 sewers, water lines, rest areas and the acquisition and
 rehabilitation or demolition of deteriorated buildings or
 structures.

7 "Neighborhood improvement district." A limited geographic area within a municipality, in which a special assessment is 8 9 levied on all designated property, other than tax-exempt 10 property, for the purpose of promoting the economic and general 11 welfare of the district and the municipality, hereinafter referred to as NID. Such districts shall be referred to 12 13 generally as neighborhood improvement district (NID) and 14 specifically as: business improvement district (BID); 15 residential improvement district (RID); industrial improvement 16 district (IID); institutional improvement district (INID); or 17 mixed-use improvement district (MID) depending on the type 18 district established.

19 "Neighborhood improvement district management association." 20 The governing body which oversees the management of neighborhood 21 improvement districts in a municipality as established under 22 section 5 which hereinafter shall be referred to as the NIDMA. Such body shall be incorporated as a nonprofit corporation in 23 24 this Commonwealth or an authority as established pursuant to the 25 act of May 2, 1945 (P.L.382, No.164), known as the Municipality 26 Authorities Act of 1945.

27 "Neighborhood improvement district plan." The strategic plan 28 for neighborhood improvements required by section 5, hereinafter 29 referred to as NIDP, and all projects, programs and supplemental 30 services to be provided within the district to implement the 19980H2858B4194 - 6 -

plan by the neighborhood improvement district management 1 association. 2

3 "Neighborhood improvement district services." In the case of 4 neighborhood improvement district management associations 5 created for the purpose of making improvements or providing expanded services within any neighborhood business improvement 6 districts established, the term shall include, but not be 7 limited to, those services which improve the ability of the 8 commercial establishments within the district to serve the 9 10 consumer, such as free or reduced-fee parking for customers, 11 transportation-related expenses, public relations programs, group advertising, and district maintenance and security 12 13 services. For services provided within any residential, industrial, institutional, or mixed-use neighborhood improvement 14 15 district, the term shall include, but not be limited to, those 16 services which improve the ability of property owners to enjoy a 17 safer and more attractive neighborhood through the provision of 18 increased or expanded services, including street lighting, 19 street cleaning, street maintenance, parks, recreational 20 equipment and facilities, open space and/or security services. 21 "Nonprofit corporation." A legal entity that is incorporated 22 within this Commonwealth and specifies in its charter or bylaws 23 that no part of the net earnings may benefit any private 24 shareholder or individual holding interest in such entity. 25 "Private security officer." Any person or firm employed by 26 the neighborhood improvement district management association for 27 the purpose of providing increased security or protective patrol 28 services within the neighborhood improvement district. The term 29 may include off-duty police officers provided that the use of 30 such officers for this purpose is approved by the governing body 19980H2858B4194

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of the municipality in which the neighborhood improvement
 district is located or the municipality where the officer is
 employed if different.

Project." The acquisition, development, construction,
improvement, rehabilitation, operation and/or maintenance of any
building, facility, equipment or structure, by purchase, lease
or contract, by a neighborhood improvement district management
association to facilitate neighborhood and business improvements
as authorized by this act.

10 "Rational nexus." The legal principle which requires that 11 there is a rational, definable benefit which accrues to any property owner assessed a fee for said benefit in a neighborhood 12 13 improvement district created under this act. All property owners 14 within a designated neighborhood improvement district paying a special assessment fee must benefit directly or indirectly from 15 16 facilities or services provided by a neighborhood improvement 17 district management association within the neighborhood 18 improvement district, provided, however, that property owners 19 need not benefit equally.

20 "REGIONAL ATTRACTIONS MARKETING AGENCY." THE AGENCY
21 DESIGNATED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY IN WHICH THE CONVENTION
22 CENTER IS LOCATED TO SERVE AS THE REGIONAL MARKETING
23 ORGANIZATION FOR TOURISM AND RELATED MATTERS. IN CITIES OF THE
24 FIRST CLASS, THE GREATER PHILADELPHIA TOURISM MARKETING
25 CORPORATION SHALL SERVE AS THE REGIONAL ATTRACTIONS MARKETING
26 AGENCY.

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27 "Residential district." A limited, geographical area
28 comprised of real property consisting predominantly of buildings
29 and structures for housing individuals and families, including,
30 but not limited to, single family detached homes, single family
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manufactured homes, modular homes or any combination of same. 2 "Service area." The area within the boundaries of the 3 4 neighborhood improvement district established by a municipality 5 under this act, in which the neighborhood improvement district management association provides programs, services and 6 7 improvements. The term may also include an area outside of the neighborhood improvement district where services are being 8 9 provided by the neighborhood improvement district management association under contract. 10

semi-detached homes, townhouses, condominiums, apartments,

"Special assessment fee." The fee assessed on property owners within a neighborhood improvement district, levied by the municipality establishing a neighborhood improvement district, under section 4(8), for the purposes of providing programs, improvements and services, under section 7.

16 "Sunset provision." The term means a provision in the 17 neighborhood improvement district plan, under section 5(c), 18 establishing a neighborhood improvement district, which provides 19 for the automatic termination of the neighborhood improvement 20 district on a date specified in the neighborhood improvement 21 district plan and in the municipal ordinance establishing the 22 neighborhood improvement district. The neighborhood improvement 23 district may be continued beyond that date, provided the 24 municipal enabling ordinance creating the original neighborhood 25 improvement district is reenacted, following a review of the 26 neighborhood improvement district and the neighborhood 27 improvement district management association programs and 28 services provided within the neighborhood improvement district, 29 by the municipality. 30 Section 4. Powers of municipal corporation.

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Every municipal corporation shall have the power:

2 (1) To establish within the municipality an area or
3 areas designated as an NID.

4 (2) To establish an authority to administer the NID or 5 to designate an existing community development corporation or 6 other existing nonprofit corporation to administer same or to 7 create a community development corporation or other nonprofit 8 corporation to administer same, under sections 6 and 7.

9 (3) To appropriate and expend, in accordance with the 10 specific provisions of the municipal enabling ordinance, 11 municipal funds as may be required to:

12 (i) Acquire by purchase or lease real or personal
13 property deemed necessary to effectuate the purposes of
14 the NID.

15 (ii) Prepare or have prepared preliminary planning 16 or feasibility studies to determine needed improvements 17 in an NID, including, but not limited to, capital 18 improvements, traditional streetscape and building 19 renovations, retaining walls, street paving, street 20 lighting, parking lots, parking garages, trees and shrubbery, pedestrian walks, sewers, water lines, rest 21 22 areas, acquisition, rehabilitation or demolition of 23 blighted buildings and structures, graffiti removal, security, marketing, promotions, advertising, business 24 25 retention and recruitment activities, master leasing and 26 property management, joint advertising, research and 27 planning, as well as the provision of additional services to supplement, not replace, existing municipal services 28 provided within the NID. 29

30 (4) To advance funds to a NIDMA as may be required to 19980H2858B4194 - 10 - 1 carry out the purposes of this act.

(5) To collect special property assessments on behalf of
the NIDMA levied on designated property owners within the
NID, and to employ any legal methods to insure collection of
the assessments.

6 (6) To acquire by gift, purchase or eminent domain, 7 land, real property, or rights-of way, which may be needed 8 for the purposes of making physical improvements within the 9 NID.

10 (7) To issue bonds, notes or guarantees, in accordance 11 with the provisions of general laws in the amounts and for 12 the periods necessary, to finance needed improvements within 13 any NID.

14 (8) To review all proposed expenditures of funds within
15 NIDs by NIDMAs and suggest changes to same where a nonprofit
16 corporation is the NIDMA.

17 (9) To include a sunset provision of no less than five 18 years in the municipal enabling ordinance creating the NID 19 and in the contract with the NIDMA.

20 (10) To levy an assessment fee on property owners
21 located within an NID needed to finance additional
22 supplemental programs, services and improvements to be
23 provided or made by the NIDMA.

24 Section 5. Creation of neighborhood improvement district.

25 (a) Establishment.--

(1) The governing body of the municipality, or any
municipal businesses, or residents, or combination thereof,
may initiate action to establish an NID or NIDs within the
municipality, under this act.

30 (2) In the case of businesses, or residents, or both 19980H2858B4194 - 11 - desiring to establish an NID, where the municipality has not taken action to do so, the governing body of the municipality may be petitioned to establish an NID, under the procedures provided for by this act.

5 (3) In no case, where the governing body of a 6 municipality is petitioned to establish an NID under 7 paragraph (2), shall the municipality be required to 8 establish an NID.

9 (b) Specific procedures.--

(1) A copy of everything required under this section, as
well as the date, location and time of any public hearing
required by this act, shall be provided by the municipal
corporation to all property owners and lessees of property
owners located in the proposed NID, at least 30 days prior to
the first public hearing required by this section.

16 (2) At least one public hearing, no earlier than 15 days 17 apart, for the purpose of receiving public comment from 18 affected property owners within the proposed NID, on the 19 proposed NIDP, shall be held by the municipality before the 20 establishment of an NID. Notice of the hearing shall be 21 advertised at least ten days prior thereto in a newspaper of 22 general circulation in the municipality.

23 Any objections by property owners within the (3) 24 proposed NID must be made in writing, by persons representing 25 the ownership of 51%, in numbers, of the benefited properties 26 within the NID, or by property owners within the proposed NID 27 whose property valuation, as assessed for taxable purposes, 28 shall amount to 51% of the total property valuation within 29 the NID. Objections must be signed by the property owner and 30 filed in the office of the clerk for the governing body of 19980H2858B4194 - 12 -

1 the municipality in which the NID is proposed. (c) Contents of preliminary plan. -- The plan shall include 2 3 the following: 4 (1) A map indicating the boundaries by street of the 5 proposed NID. (2) A written report from the municipality containing: 6 (i) The name of the proposed district. 7 (ii) A detailed description of the service areas of 8 the proposed district. 9 (iii) A list of all properties to be assessed. 10 11 (iv) A list of proposed improvements within the NID, and their estimated cost. 12 13 (v) A proposed budget for the first fiscal year, 14 including, but not limited to, the following: personnel 15 and administration, programs and services, maintenance 16 and operation, and capital expenditures. 17 The proposed revenue sources for financing all (vi) 18 proposed improvements, programs and services. 19 (vii) The estimated time for implementation and 20 completion of all proposed improvements, programs and services. 21 22 (viii) A statement identifying the administrative 23 body which will govern and administer the NID. (ix) Any other information, including the statutory 24 25 authority, or, in the case of a nonprofit corporation, 26 the bylaws, which describe the powers and duties of and 27 the method for making decisions by the NIDMA. 28 (x) The method of determining the amount of the 29 assessment fee to be levied on property owners within the NID under section 7. 30

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(3) In addition, the plan shall also:

2 (i) Identify in detail the specific duties and
3 responsibilities of both the NIDMA and the municipal
4 corporation with respect to the NID.

5 (ii) Require that a written agreement be signed by 6 the municipal corporation and the NIDMA describing in 7 detail their respective duties and responsibilities.

8 (iii) Allow for and encourage tax-exempt property 9 owners located within the NID to provide in-kind services 10 or a financial contribution to the NIDMA, if not 11 assessed, in lieu of a property assessment fee.

12 (iv) Require in the agreement between the municipal 13 corporation and the NIDMA that the municipality must 14 maintain the same level of municipal programs and 15 services provided within the NID before NID designation 16 as after NID designation.

(v) Allow the municipal corporation the right to
include in the agreement with the NIDMA and in the
enabling ordinance establishing the NID a sunset
provision of no less than five years for renewal of the
agreement.

(vi) Require in the agreement with the NIDMA that
the municipality establishing an NID shall be responsible
for the collection of all property assessment fees levied
within the NID, if so desired by the NIDMA.

(vii) Provide that a negative vote of at least 51%
 of the property owners within the NID, or property owners
 within the NID whose property valuation as assessed for
 taxable purposes amounts to 51% of the total property
 valuation located within the NID proposed in the final
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plan, shall be required to defeat the establishment of the proposed NID by filing objections with the clerk for the governing body of the municipality within 45 days of presentation of the final plan, where the governing body of municipality is inclined to establish the NID.

6 (d) Final plan. -- Prior to the establishment of an NID, the municipality shall submit a revised final plan to property 7 owners located within the proposed NID, which incorporates 8 changes made to the plan, based on comments from affected 9 property owners within the NID, provided at the public hearings 10 11 or at some other time. Changes to the final plan, which differ from the preliminary plan, shall also be so indicated in an 12 13 easily discernible method for the reader, including, but not limited to, changes being in boldfaced or italicized type. 14 15 (e) Public hearing. -- At least one public hearing for the 16 purpose of receiving public comment on any revisions to the 17 preliminary plan made following suggestions by affected property 18 owners within the proposed NID and reflected in the final NIDP 19 shall be held by the municipal corporation before enacting an 20 ordinance establishing an NID. Notice of the hearing shall be 21 advertised at least ten days prior thereto in a newspaper of 22 general circulation in the municipality.

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(f) Veto of final plan for NID.--

(1) Following the last public hearing required under
subsection (e) or under subsection (g), if an amendment to
the final plan, affected property owners located within a
proposed NID shall have 45 days from the date of the hearing
to object to and disapprove the final plan or any amendment
to the final plan under the requirements of subsection
(b)(3).

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1 (2) If 51% or more of the affected property owners or 2 property owners whose property valuation as assessed for 3 taxable purposes amounts to 51% of the total property 4 valuation within the proposed NID fail to register their 5 disapproval of the final plan or amendment to the final plan in writing with the clerk of the governing body of the 6 7 municipality in which the NID is proposed, the governing body of the municipality may, following the 45-day period, enact a 8 9 municipal ordinance establishing an NID under this act, or in 10 the case of an amendment to the final plan, adopt any amendments to the ordinance. 11

12 (g) Amendments to final plan.--

(1) The final plan may be amended by the NIDMA any time
after the establishment of an NID, pursuant to the provisions
of this act, upon the recommendation of the NIDMA board,
provided there is concurrence with the owners of at least 51%
of the assessed valuation of all property within the NID or
51% of the property owners within the NID.

19 (2) Amendments to the final plan which also require the
20 approval of the governing body of the municipality
21 establishing the NID, include:

(i) Substantially changed or added programs,
improvements and/or services to be provided in the NID.

24 (ii) Increased expenditures affecting more than 25%
25 of the total NIDMA budget for the fiscal year.

26 (iii) Incurring increased indebtedness.

27 (iv) Changing the assessment fee structure levied on28 property owners in the NID.

(v) Changing the legal entity (NIDMA) which provides
 programs, improvements and services within the NID.

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(vi) Changing the NID service area boundary.
 Prior to the governing body of the municipality approving any
 of the changes in this paragraph, the governing body shall
 hold at least one public hearing to determine that such
 changes are in the public interest as it relates to affected
 property owners within the NID.

7 (3) The municipality shall provide public notice of the 8 hearing for any amendments, by publication of a notice, in at 9 least one newspaper having a general circulation in the NID, 10 specifying the time and the place of such hearing and the 11 amendments to be considered. This notice shall be published 12 once at least 10 days prior to the date of the hearing.

13 (4) The governing body of the municipality may, within 14 30 days following the public hearing and at its sole 15 discretion, approve or disapprove of any amendments to the 16 plan. If approved, such amendments shall be effective upon 17 the date of such approval.

18 (5) Prior to the adoption of any amendment to the NID 19 boundary which increases the size of the NID, any owner of 20 property to be added to the NID shall be notified of the 21 date, time and location of the public hearing on the proposed 22 amendment to the final plan, and provided all information 23 required by subsection (c).

24 Section 6. Creation of neighborhood improvement district25 management association.

(a) Association designated.--When a municipality establishes
an NID under this act, a neighborhood improvement district
management association shall be designated by the governing body
of the municipality in which the NID is to be located to
administer programs, improvements and services within the NID.
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1 (b) Administration.--

2 (1) NIDs created pursuant to this act shall be 3 administered by an NIDMA which shall be an authority created pursuant to the act of May 2, 1945 (P.L.382, No.164), known 4 5 as the Municipality Authorities Act of 1945, an existing 6 nonprofit development corporation, an existing nonprofit 7 corporation or a nonprofit development corporation or 8 nonprofit corporation established by the governing body or 9 authorized to be established by the governing body of the 10 municipality in which the NID is to be located, to administer 11 the NIDP.

12 If an active nonprofit development corporation (2) 13 already exists within the geographic boundaries of the NID and formally indicates its interest to the governing body of 14 15 the municipality to become the designated NIDMA, the 16 governing body of the municipality shall grant that request 17 unless 51% or more of the affected property owners or 18 property owners whose property valuation as assessed for 19 taxable purposes amounts to 51% of the total property 20 valuation within the proposed NID register their disapproval of this designation in writing with the clerk of the 21 governing body within a 45-day period following the formal 22 23 written request for designation by the nonprofit development 24 corporation to become the NIDMA.

(c) Powers.--An NIDMA created under this act shall assume all powers provided for in section 7 immediately upon the effective date of the municipal ordinance enacted under section 4 creating an NID.

29 (d) Board.--Every NIDMA shall have an administrative board. 30 (1) Where an authority created pursuant to the 19980H2858B4194 - 18 - Municipality Authorities Act of 1945 serves as the NIDMA, the
 board shall be appointed pursuant to the Municipality
 Authorities Act of 1945.

4 (2) Where an existing nonprofit development corporation 5 or other nonprofit corporation is to serve as the NIDMA, the 6 board shall be appointed according to the bylaws of the NIDMA 7 filed with the Department of State.

8 (3) Where a nonprofit development corporation or other 9 nonprofit corporation is established to serve as the NIDMA 10 for an NID, the board shall be comprised of an odd number of 11 members, between five and nine, with at least one member 12 representing the municipal corporation in which the NID is 13 located.

14 (4) In all cases, NIDMA boards shall include a
15 representative of property owners located in the NID,
16 business owners located in the NID and any institutions
17 located in the NID. Institutional members may appoint a
18 designee to represent them. All board members need not be
19 residents of the NID.

20 Section 7. Powers of neighborhood improvement district
21 management association.

(a) General powers. -- A NIDMA shall have, in addition to any 22 23 other powers provided pursuant to the act of May 2, 1945 24 (P.L.382, No.164), known as the Municipality Authorities Act of 1945, where the NIDMA is an authority, or in addition to any 25 26 other powers provided pursuant to the charter establishing a 27 nonprofit development corporation or other nonprofit 28 corporation, where the NIDMA is a nonprofit development 29 corporation or other nonprofit corporation, the power to: 30 (1) Sue or be sued, implead or be impleaded, complain - 19 -19980H2858B4194

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and defend in all courts.

2 (2) Employ an executive director or administrator and
3 any necessary supporting staff or contract for the provision
4 of same.

5 (3) Prepare planning or feasibility studies or contract 6 for the preparation of same, to determine needed capital 7 improvements or administrative programs and services within 8 the NID.

9 (4) Make capital improvements or provide administrative 10 programs and services within an NID.

(5) Purchase, own, construct, renovate, develop,
operate, rehabilitate, manage, sell and/or dispose of real
property.

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(6) Contract with existing businesses within the NID.

15 (7) Contract for the provision of products or services 16 by the NIDMA to clients located inside and outside of the 17 NID, including billing and collection of assessment fees by 18 another NIDMA.

19 (8) Appropriate and expend NID funds which would include 20 any Federal, State or municipal funds received by the NIDMA. 21 The funds shall be expended in accordance with any specific 22 provisions contained in the municipal enabling ordinance 23 establishing the NID and may be used:

24 (i) To acquire by purchase or lease real or personal 25 property to effectuate the purposes of this act, 26 including making common improvements within the NID, 27 including, but not limited to, sidewalks, retaining 28 walls, street paving, parks, recreational equipment and facilities, open space, street lighting, parking lots, 29 parking garages, trees and shrubbery, pedestrian walks, 30 19980H2858B4194 - 20 -

sewers, water lines, rest areas and the acquisition,
 rehabilitation or demolition of blighted buildings or
 comparable structures.

4 (ii) To provide free or reduced-fee parking for 5 customers of businesses within the NID; transportation-6 related expenditures, public relations programs, group 7 advertising and NID maintenance and security services.

(iii) To impose special assessment fees.

9 (9) Solicit in-kind services or financial contributions 10 from tax-exempt property owners within the NID in lieu of 11 property assessment fees. This may include entering into 12 voluntary multiyear agreements (VMAs) between the NIDMA and 13 tax-exempt property owners located within an NID, for the 14 provision of same.

15 (10) Impose liens on property for the nonpayment of 16 property assessments. NIDs administered by nonprofit 17 corporations would have any such liens filed by the municipal 18 corporation.

19 (11) Hire additional off-duty police officers or private 20 security officers, whose patrol area responsibilities would 21 be limited to the geographical area incorporated within the 22 designated NID service area and whose responsibility would be 23 to support existing municipal and volunteer efforts aimed at 24 reducing crime and improving security in the NID.

(12) Designate a district advisory committee, referred to as the DAC, for each NID established within the municipality. Each DAC shall consist of an odd number of members, between five and nine, who shall be representative of the neighborhood's character, including, but not limited to, age, sex and cultural diversity.

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(b) Assessments.--

The NIDMA shall, upon approval by the governing body 2 (1) 3 of the municipality, have the power to assess property owners 4 within the NID a special property assessment fee. Revenues 5 from the fee shall be accounted for and used by the NIDMA to 6 make improvements and provide programs and services within 7 the NID as authorized by this act. Where the district 8 established is a BID, the NIDMA shall have the authority to 9 exempt residential property owners from any special assessment fees levied. 10

(2) All assessments authorized under this section shall
be calculated using January 1 as the first day of the fiscal
year.

14 (3) All special property assessment fees shall be based 15 upon the estimated cost of the programs, improvements or 16 services to be provided in such NID as stated in the final 17 plan under section 5(d). In no case shall the aggregate 18 amount of all fees levied by the NIDMA during the year exceed 19 the estimated cost of proposed programs, improvements and 20 services for the year.

In the case of an NID which contains a combination 21 (4)of business, residential, industrial and/or institutional 22 23 areas and uses, a weighted assessment may be instituted. In such case, the fee levied on property owners generally may be 24 weighted higher for business, industrial or institutional 25 26 properties than that levied on residential property owners, 27 provided the basis for the calculation of the fee meets the 28 rational nexus test.

29 (5) The total costs of improvements, programs and 30 administrative services provided by the NIDMA shall be 19980H2858B4194 - 22 - 1 assessed to all designated properties within the NID by one 2 of the following methods:

3 (i) An assessment determined by multiplying the
4 total service and improvement costs by the ratio of the
5 assessed value of the benefited property to the total
6 assessed valuation of all designated benefited properties
7 in the NID.

8 (ii) An assessment upon the several properties in 9 the NID in proportion to benefits as ascertained by 10 viewers appointed in accordance with law.

(iii) Any method that equitably apportions costsamong benefiting properties.

13 (iv) In the case of improvements benefiting 14 properties abutting the NID by the front-foot method, 15 with equitable adjustments for corner properties and 16 other cases provided for in the municipal ordinance. Any 17 property which cannot be equitably assessed by the front-18 foot method may be assessed by any of the above methods. 19 (c) Payment. -- The governing body may by ordinance authorize 20 the payment of the assessment in equal annual or more frequent 21 installments, over such time and bearing interest at the rate 22 specified in the municipal ordinance. If bonds have been issued 23 and sold, or notes or guarantees have been given or issued, to provide for the cost of the services and improvements, the 24 25 assessment in equal installments shall not be payable beyond the 26 term for which the bonds, notes or guarantees are payable.

27 (d) Liens.--

28 (1) Notwithstanding the filing of the claims, all 29 assessments which are made payable in installments shall 30 constitute liens and encumbrances upon the respective 19980H2858B4194 - 23 - benefited properties at the beginning of each calendar year, except as provided in subsection (c), and only in an amount gequal to the sum of:

4 (i) the annual or other installments becoming
5 payable in such year, with interest and penalties, if
6 any, thereon; and

7 (ii) the total of all installments, with interest
8 and penalties thereon, which became due during prior
9 years and which remain due and unpaid at the beginning of
10 the current year.

11 In the case of default in the payment of any (2) 12 installment and interest for a period of 90 days after the 13 payment becomes due, the assessment ordinance may provide either for the entire assessment, with accrued interest and 14 15 penalties to become due and become a lien from the due date of the installment, or may provide solely for the enforcement 16 17 of the claim as to the overdue installment, with interest and 18 penalties, in which case the ordinance shall further provide 19 that, if any installment or portion thereof remains due and 20 unpaid for one year after it has become due and payable, then the entire assessment with accrued interest and penalties 21 shall become due and become a lien from the due date of the 22 23 installment.

24 (3) No action taken to enforce a claim for any
25 installment or installments shall affect the status of any
26 subsequent installment of the same assessment, each of which
27 shall continue to become a lien upon the property annually
28 pursuant to paragraph (1).

29 (4) The ordinance may contain any other provision
30 relating to installment assessments which is not inconsistent
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1 with applicable law.

2 (5) Any owner of property against whom an assessment has 3 been made may pay the assessment in full at any time, with 4 accrued interest and costs thereon, and such a payment shall 5 discharge the lien of the assessment, or installments then 6 constituting a lien, and shall also release the claim to any 7 later installments.

8 (6) Claims to secure the assessments shall be entered in 9 the prothonotary's office of the county at the same time, and 10 in the same form, and collected in the same manner, as 11 municipal tax claims are filed and collected, notwithstanding 12 the provisions of this section as to installment payments. 13 Section 8. Dissolution of neighborhood improvement district

14management association and neighborhood15improvement district.

16 (a) Conveying projects. -- When any NIDMA shall have finally paid and discharged all bonds which, together with the interest 17 18 due thereon, shall have been secured by a pledge of any of the 19 revenues or receipts of a project, it may, subject to any 20 agreements concerning the operation or disposition of such project and the NIDMA bylaws, convey such project or projects to 21 22 the municipal corporation which established or had established 23 the NIDMA.

24 (b) Request for termination. -- Any request for the 25 termination of the NID and NIDMA approved by 51% of the assessed 26 property owners, in numbers, located in the NID, shall be 27 submitted to the governing body of the municipality in writing. 28 The governing body shall hold a hearing on the merits of same, pursuant to section 5(b)(2) as it relates to the required 29 30 procedure of holding a hearing. Such written request shall be 19980H2858B4194 - 25 -

considered by the governing body of the municipality. If the 1 request is approved by the governing body of the municipality, 2 3 then a resolution to that effect shall be filed with the 4 Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the secretary shall note the 5 termination of the existence on the record of incorporation and return the resolution with his or her approval shown on the 6 7 resolution to the municipal corporation. Then, the property of the NIDMA shall pass to the municipal corporation, as the case 8 9 may be, and the NIDMA and NID shall cease to exist. Any request 10 for the termination of the NID and NIDMA by the governing body 11 of the municipality in which the NID is located shall result in a hearing on the merits of same, pursuant to section 5(b)(2) as 12 13 it relates to the required procedure for holding a hearing. 14 Before the decision to terminate an NID and NIDMA is made, such 15 termination must be approved by 51% of the assessed property 16 owners, in numbers, located in the NID, and shall be submitted 17 to the governing body of the municipality in writing. Such 18 written request shall be considered by the governing body of the municipality. If the request is approved by the governing body 19 20 of the municipality, then a resolution to that effect shall be 21 filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the secretary 22 shall note the termination of the existence on the record of incorporation and return the resolution with his or her approval 23 24 shown to the municipal corporation. The property of the NIDMA 25 shall pass to the municipal corporation, as the case may be, and 26 the NIDMA and NID shall cease to exist.

27 Section 9. Annual audit; report.

28 The NIDMA shall annually:

29 (1) submit an audit of all income and expenditures to 30 the Department of Community and Economic Development and the 19980H2858B4194 - 26 - governing body of the municipality in which the NID is
 located within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year;
 and

4 (2) submit a report, including financial and
5 programmatic information, including a summary of audit
6 findings, to the governing body of the municipality in which
7 the NID is located and to all assessed property owners
8 located in the NID.

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9 SECTION 10. TOURISM AND MARKETING TAX.

10 IN ADDITION TO THE HOTEL ROOM RENTAL TAX IMPOSED UNDER 11 SECTION 23 OF THE ACT OF JUNE 27, 1986 (P.L.267, NO.70), KNOWN AS THE PENNSYLVANIA CONVENTION CENTER AUTHORITY ACT, AND UNDER 12 13 SECTION 202 OF THE ACT OF MARCH 4, 1971 (P.L.6, NO.2), KNOWN AS 14 THE TAX REFORM CODE OF 1971, THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY IN WHICH A 15 CONVENTION CENTER IS LOCATED IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO IMPOSE AN 16 EXCISE TAX ON THE CONSIDERATION RECEIVED BY EACH OPERATOR OF A 17 HOTEL WITHIN THE CITY FROM EACH TRANSACTION OF RENTING A ROOM OR 18 ROOMS TO ACCOMMODATE TRANSIENTS. THE TAX SHALL BE COLLECTED BY 19 THE OPERATOR FROM THE PATRON OF THE ROOM AND PAID OVER TO THE 20 CITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 11, AND SHALL BE KNOWN AS THE TOURISM AND MARKETING TAX. THE RATE OF TAX IMPOSED UNDER THIS SECTION BY 21 22 THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY IN WHICH THE CONVENTION CENTER IS 23 LOCATED SHALL NOT EXCEED 1%.

24 SECTION 11. SPECIAL TOURISM AND MARKETING TAX FUND.

25 THERE SHALL BE DEPOSITED ANNUALLY IN A SPECIAL FUND,
26 ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 23(E) OF THE ACT OF JUNE 27,
27 1986 (P.L.267, NO.70), KNOWN AS THE PENNSYLVANIA CONVENTION
28 CENTER AUTHORITY ACT, FOR THE USE OF THE REGIONAL ATTRACTIONS
29 MARKETING AGENCY, ALL REVENUES RECEIVED FROM THE TAX IMPOSED
30 UNDER SECTION 10. ALL EXPENDITURES FROM THE SPECIAL FUND
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ESTABLISHED UNDER SECTION 23(E) OF THE PENNSYLVANIA CONVENTION 1 CENTER AUTHORITY ACT SHALL BE USED BY THE REGIONAL ATTRACTIONS 2 3 MARKETING AGENCY FOR DIRECT ADVERTISING EFFORTS DIRECTED TOWARDS 4 ADVERTISING AND PUBLICIZING TOURIST ATTRACTIONS IN THE AREA SERVED BY THE AGENCY; PROMOTING AND ATTRACTING TOURISM TO 5 FACILITIES IN THE AREA SERVED BY THE AGENCY; AND PROMOTING AND 6 OTHERWISE ENCOURAGING THE USE OF THE FACILITIES IN THE AREA 7 8 SERVED BY THE AGENCY BY THE PUBLIC AS A WHOLE.

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9 Section 10 12. Applicability.

(a) Existing commercial business improvement districts.--The
provisions of this act shall not apply to a business improvement
district established pursuant to the act of May 2, 1945
(P.L.382, No.164), known as the Municipality Authorities Act of
1945, in existence in whole or in part in a city of the first
class prior to the effective date of this act.

(b) Existing districts.--Except as provided for in
subsection (e), any existing business improvement district or
downtown improvement district established prior to the effective
date of this act shall remain in existence and shall be governed
by the Municipality Authorities Act of 1945, insofar as it
relates to business improvement districts or 53 Pa.C.S. Ch. 54
(relating to business improvement districts).

(c) Districts created subsequently.--Any NID established
subsequent to the effective date of this act shall be governed
by the provisions of this act.

(d) Previously terminated districts.--Any business improvement district or downtown improvement district in existence prior to the effective date of this act which is terminated shall, upon its reestablishment, be governed by the provisions of this act. This shall include any termination 19980H2858B4194 - 28 - resulting from a sunset provision in any municipal agreement or
 ordinance.

3 (e) Additional requirements.--Any business improvement
4 district or downtown improvement district in existence on the
5 effective date of this act shall:

6 (1) be required to carry out any duty or responsibility
7 imposed on NIDs under this act; and

8 (2) possess any additional power given to NIDs under
9 this act without having to restructure or reorganize under
10 this act.

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11 Section 11 13. Effective date.

12 This act shall take effect in 60 days.